

HYPOTHESIS TESTING ON REGRESSION PARAMETERS



Residual

$$\downarrow \\ e_i = y_i - \hat{y}_i$$

$$= y_i - \hat{\beta}_0 - \hat{\beta}_1 x_i$$

Sum of Squared Errors

$$\begin{aligned} SSE &= \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n e_i^2 \end{aligned}$$

Mean Squared Errors

$$MSE = \frac{SSE}{df} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{n - p}$$

Number of observations Number of estimated parameters

Degrees of Freedom

$$\hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1 \Rightarrow p = 2$$

Standard error of the model



$$SE_{model} = \sqrt{MSE}$$

Standard error for regression parameter estimate

$$SE_{\hat{\beta}_x} = \frac{SE_{model}}{\sqrt{\sum_i (x_i - \bar{x})^2}}$$

STATISTICAL TESTS FOR REGRESSION PARAMETERS

- Computed estimates $\hat{\beta}_0$ and $\hat{\beta}_1$
- Computed $SE \hat{\beta}_0$ and $SE \hat{\beta}_1$
- We can then test

$$H_0: \beta = \beta_{expected}$$

- Using the test statistic

$$t_{n-p} = \frac{\hat{\beta} - \beta_{expected}}{SE \hat{\beta}}$$

STATISTICAL TESTS FOR REGRESSION PARAMETERS

- Test

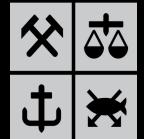
$$H_0: \beta = 0 \text{ vs } H_A: \beta \neq 0$$

- Using the test statistic

$$t_{n-p} = \frac{\hat{\beta}}{SE_{\hat{\beta}}}$$

- P-value

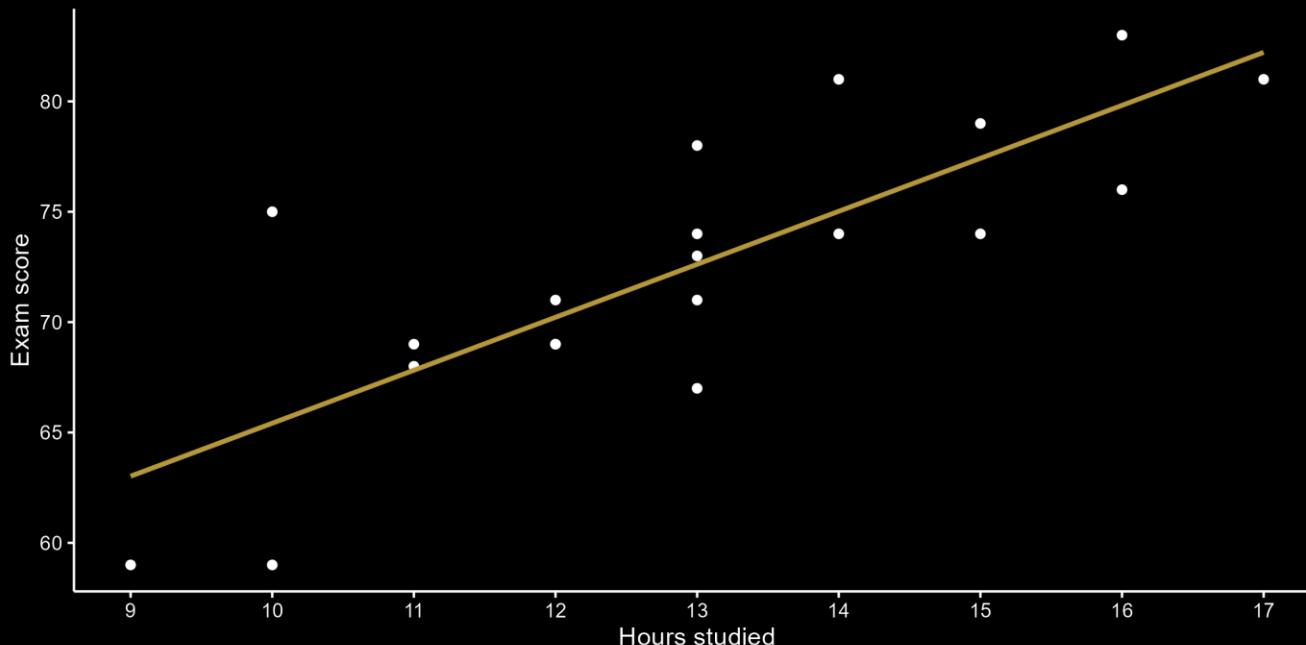
$$P(|T_{n-p}| > |t_{n-p}|)$$



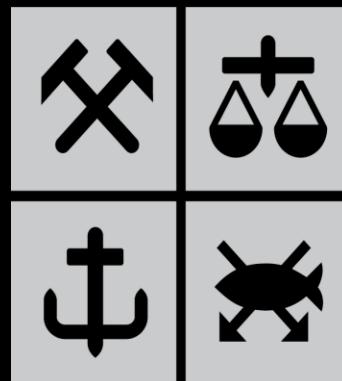
$\hat{\beta}$ $SE_{\hat{\beta}}$ t_{n-p}

p-value

	coef	std err	t	P> t
β_0 Intercept	41.4171	5.647	7.335	0.000
β_1 hours_studied	2.4002	0.430	5.577	0.000



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